

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1                   1.       A non-contact optoelectronic system for an automatic vehicle  
2 door closure to detect the presence of an obstruction, the system comprising:  
3                   at least one transmitter for emitting an electromagnetic energy signal;  
4                   at least one sensor for detecting the electromagnetic energy signal  
5 emitted by the at least one transmitter;  
6                   a control module in communication with the at least one transmitter  
7 and at least one sensor for monitoring and processing the signal interrupts detected  
8 by the at least one sensor to detect an obstruction between the at least one  
9 transmitter and at least one sensor, wherein the control module generates a motor  
10 control signal to stop and reverse a vehicle door upon detection of an obstruction  
11 between the at least one transmitter and at least one sensor.

1                   2.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the control  
2 module processes the electromagnetic energy signal interrupts from the at least one  
3 sensor by comparing the interrupts against stored values to determine whether an  
4 obstruction is present in an entry area of the vehicle.

1                   3.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the entry area  
2 of the vehicle is defined by a passage in a vehicle body, a door jamb defining an  
3 outer periphery of the passage and a vehicle door selectively positionable between  
4 an open position and a closed position adjacent the passage of the vehicle.

1                   4.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the at least one  
2 transmitter further comprises a pair of transmitters disposed on an inner surface of  
3 the vehicle door.

1                   5.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the at least one  
2 sensor further comprises a single sensor disposed on an inner surface of the door  
3 jamb.

1                   6.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the at least one  
2 sensor further comprises a plurality of sensors disposed on the inner surface of the  
3 door jamb.

1                   7.       The optoelectronic system of claim 6 wherein the plurality of  
2 sensors are arranged as an array on the inner surface of the door jamb to detect  
3 signals transmitted by the at least one transmitter.

1                   8.       The optoelectronic system of claim 1 further comprising a first  
2 reflective surface disposed on the inner surface of the vehicle door and a second  
3 reflective surface disposed on the inner surface of the door jamb to reflect the  
4 emitted signal from the at least one transmitter to the at least one sensor.

1                   9.       The optoelectronic system of claim 8 wherein the first and  
2 second reflective surfaces comprise a reflective coating applied to the inner surfaces  
3 of the vehicle door and door jamb.

1                   10.      The optoelectronic system of claim 8 wherein the first and  
2 second reflective surfaces comprise a polished metal surface disposed on the inner  
3 surfaces of the vehicle door and door jamb.

1                   11.      The optoelectronic system of claim 1 wherein the  
2 electromagnetic energy signal emitted by the at least one transmitter is infrared  
3 light.

1                   12.      An automatic vehicle door closure system comprising:  
2                   an entry area for a vehicle, the entry area defined by a passage in a  
3 vehicle body, a door jamb defining an outer periphery of the passage and a vehicle  
4 door selectively positionable between an open position and a closed position adjacent  
5 the passage of the vehicle;  
6                   a drive motor operatively connected to the motor for selectively  
7 positioning the door between an open and closed position;

8                   at least one transmitter for emitting an electromagnetic energy signal  
9                   into the entry area of the vehicle;

10                   at least one sensor for detecting the electromagnetic energy signal  
11                   emitted by the at least one transmitter in the entry area of the vehicle;

12                   a control module in communication with the at least one transmitter  
13                   and at least one sensor for monitoring and processing the signal interrupts detected  
14                   by the at least one sensor to sense an obstruction in the entry area of the vehicle  
15                   during the closing of the vehicle door, wherein the control module generates and  
16                   sends a motor control signal to the motor to stop and open the vehicle door upon  
17                   detection of an obstruction between the at least one transmitter and at least one  
18                   sensor in the entry area of the vehicle.

1                   13.    The vehicle door closure system of claim 12 wherein the  
2                   control module compares the interrupts detected by the at least one sensor against  
3                   stored values to determine whether an obstruction is present in the entry area of the  
4                   vehicle.

1                   14.    The vehicle door closure system of claim 12 wherein the  
2                   control module activates the at least one transmitter and at least one sensor upon  
3                   receiving a signal from a switching mechanism to operate drive motor to close the  
4                   vehicle door.

1                   15.    The vehicle door closure system of claim 12 wherein the at  
2                   least one transmitter further comprises a pair of transmitters disposed on an inner  
3                   surface of the vehicle door.

1                   16.    The vehicle door closure system of claim 12 wherein the at  
2                   least one sensor further comprises a plurality of sensors disposed on the inner  
3                   surface of the door jamb.

1                   17.    The vehicle door closure system of claim 16 wherein the  
2                   plurality of sensors are arranged as an array on the inner surface of the door jamb  
3                   to detect signals transmitted by the at least one transmitter.

1                   21.    The method of claim 19 wherein the step of emitting an  
2 interrupt signal from the at least one transmitter further comprises emitting an  
3 infrared light signal from the at least one transmitter.

1                   22.    The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of  
2 performing a hardware fault detection of the obstruction detection during the  
3 opening of the automatic vehicle door.

1                   23.    The method of claim 22 wherein the step of performing a  
2 hardware fault detection of the non-contact optoelectronic system further comprises  
3 sending a pulse of infrared light from the at least one transmitter to the at least one  
4 sensor to test the optoelectronic system.

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